

CIENCIA ABIERTA Y ACCESO ABIERTO

Taller de preparación de propuestas
EIC Pathfinder
17 de marzo de 2025

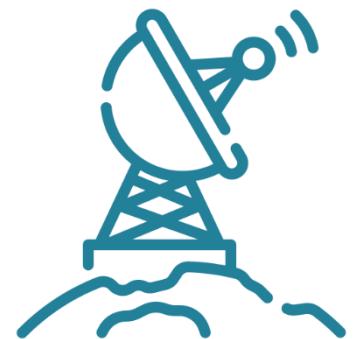
Laura Valeria Bonora

Fundación Española para la Ciencia y la Tecnología (FECYT)



1. Ciencia Abierta

– Aspectos generales –



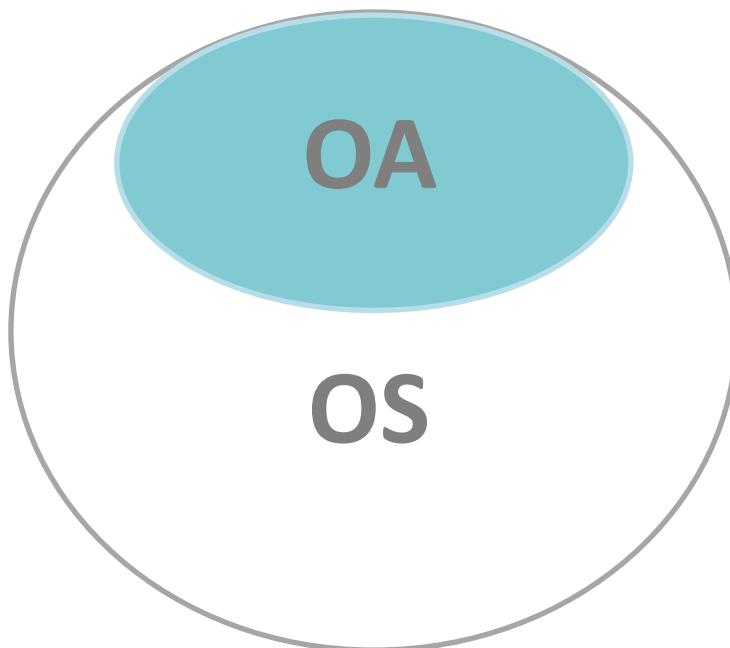
Open Access ≠ Open Science

1. Acceso libre y gratuito a:

- Publicaciones científicas
- Datos de investigación

1. Acceso libre y gratuito a:

- Publicaciones científicas
- Datos de investigación



2. Software libre

3. Ciencia ciudadana

4. Recursos educativos en abierto

5. Open *peer review*

6. Nuevas formas de medir el
mérito investigador

¿Qué es el acceso abierto?

¿En qué consiste?



El acceso abierto consiste en proveer de acceso on-line a toda la información científica disponible (artículos, monografías, datos de investigación, etc.) de forma gratuita y bajo licencias que permitan su uso y explotación por los usuarios y las usuarias finales, sin barreras económicas, legales ni tecnológicas.

Elimina barreras que impiden el acceso a resultados de la investigación científica



Aboga por la eliminación de las barreras que impiden el acceso a los resultados de la investigación científica, mayoritariamente financiada con fondos públicos, y constituye una alternativa al sistema de acceso a resultados de investigación más extendido en el mundo, basado en el pago de elevadas tasas de suscripción a revistas científicas sufragadas por las universidades y centros de investigación.

No interfiere con la explotación comercial de los resultados



No interfiere con la decisión de explotar comercialmente los resultados de investigación (ej. patentar), porque la obligación de depositar en acceso abierto se produce una vez se ha tomado la decisión de publicar.

No afecta a la calidad de las publicaciones



No implica que las publicaciones sean de menor calidad, ya que están sometidas al mismo proceso de revisión por pares que las publicaciones de acceso comercial.

Acceso abierto: definición del problema

TRIPLE GASTO PÚBLICO

- Dinero público paga la investigación
- Dinero público paga publicar
- Dinero público paga acceso a la información generada con financiación pública

PÉRDIDA DE INFORMACIÓN CIENTÍFICA

- La información que no se publica vía editores privados se pierde
- Tesis, datos de investigación, ponencias, revistas científicas no comerciales, etc. suponen gasto público y no se explotan lo suficiente.

INEXISTENCIA DE INFRAESTRUCTURA de INFORMACIÓN CIENTÍFICA

- La información científica no se ofrece como un TODO accesible a toda la comunidad científica
- Información DISPERSA y no organizada SISTEMÁTICAMENTE

EXCESIVA DEPENDENCIA PROVEEDORES

- Las instituciones dependen de proveedores privados **para acceder** a la información
- Evaluación parcial y sesgada de la producción científica

El sector comercial de la publicación académica

28.000 M€ Facturación anual mundial

16K Editoriales

48K Revistas

4M artículos año



95.500 M€
2021-2027
40 Estados

≈90.000 M€
2012-2025

655 M€
Proyectos de Generación de
Conocimiento 2023

Fuentes:

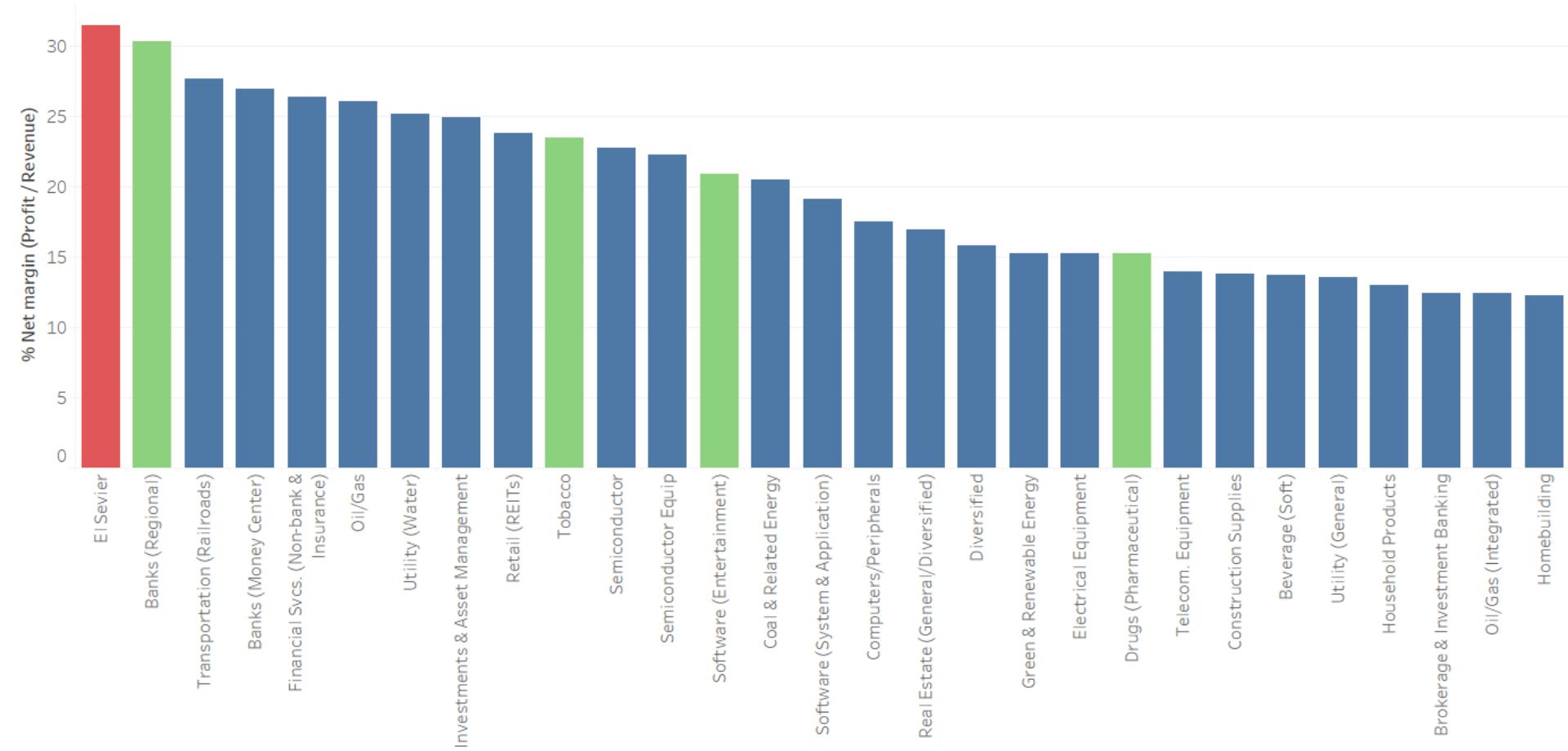
- STM Report 2022. [2022_08_24_STM_White_Report_a4_v15.pdf](https://stm-assoc.org/2022_08_24_STM_White_Report_a4_v15.pdf) (stm-assoc.org)
- https://research-and-innovation.ec.europa.eu/funding/funding-opportunities/funding-programmes-and-open-calls/horizon-europe_en
- <https://oig.nasa.gov/docs/IG-20-012.pdf?tpcc=TCspacenewsletter> / <https://www.xataka.com/nuevo/artemis-mision-espacial-informacion>
- <https://www.aei.gob.es/>



El sector comercial de la publicación académica

ElSevier is more profitable than any industry

Top industries ranked by profitability



Fuentes: <https://www.relx.com/investors/annual-reports/2022>

http://pages.stern.nyu.edu/~adamodar/New_Home_Page/datafile/margin.html (Datos EEUU, enero 2023)



¿Por qué la Ciencia Abierta es excelente?



- Investigación mejor y más eficiente



- Intercambio temprano y abierto de resultados



- Transparencia y reproducibilidad de la investigación



- Amplia colaboración en la investigación

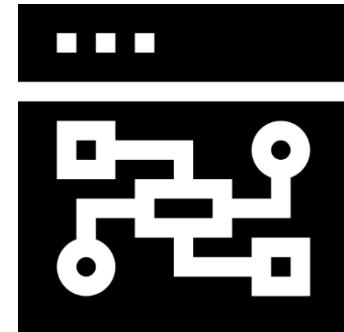


- Trabajo interdisciplinar y en colaboración



- Participación en la investigación de agentes relevantes de la sociedad

2. Requerimientos, obligaciones y mandatos de Ciencia Abierta



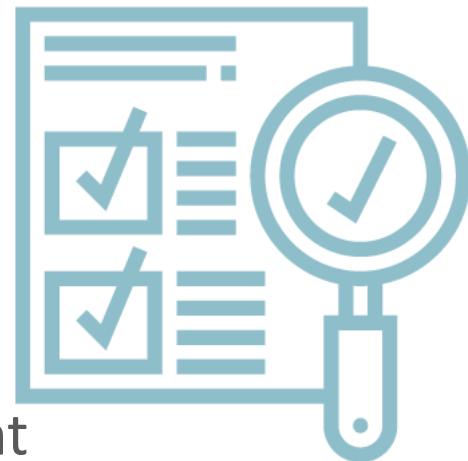
Ciencia abierta en Horizonte Europa



- Open Science como actividad a financiar:



- Open Science como forma de trabajar:
 - Fase de elaboración de propuestas
 - Obligaciones específicas en el Grant Agreement



HOW DO I PREPARE MY PROPOSAL?

Part A: Application form

List of up to 5 publications, widely-used datasets, software, goods, services or any other achievements relevant to the call content

Part B: Project proposal – Technical description

1.Under ‘Excellence’– ‘1.2 Methodology’

- Open science
- Research Data Management and management of other research outputs

2.Impact

- Measures to maximise impact.
Dissemination, exploitation and communication’

3.Under ‘Quality and efficiency of the implementation’

- Work plan and resources’ and
- Capacity of participants and consortium as a whole’



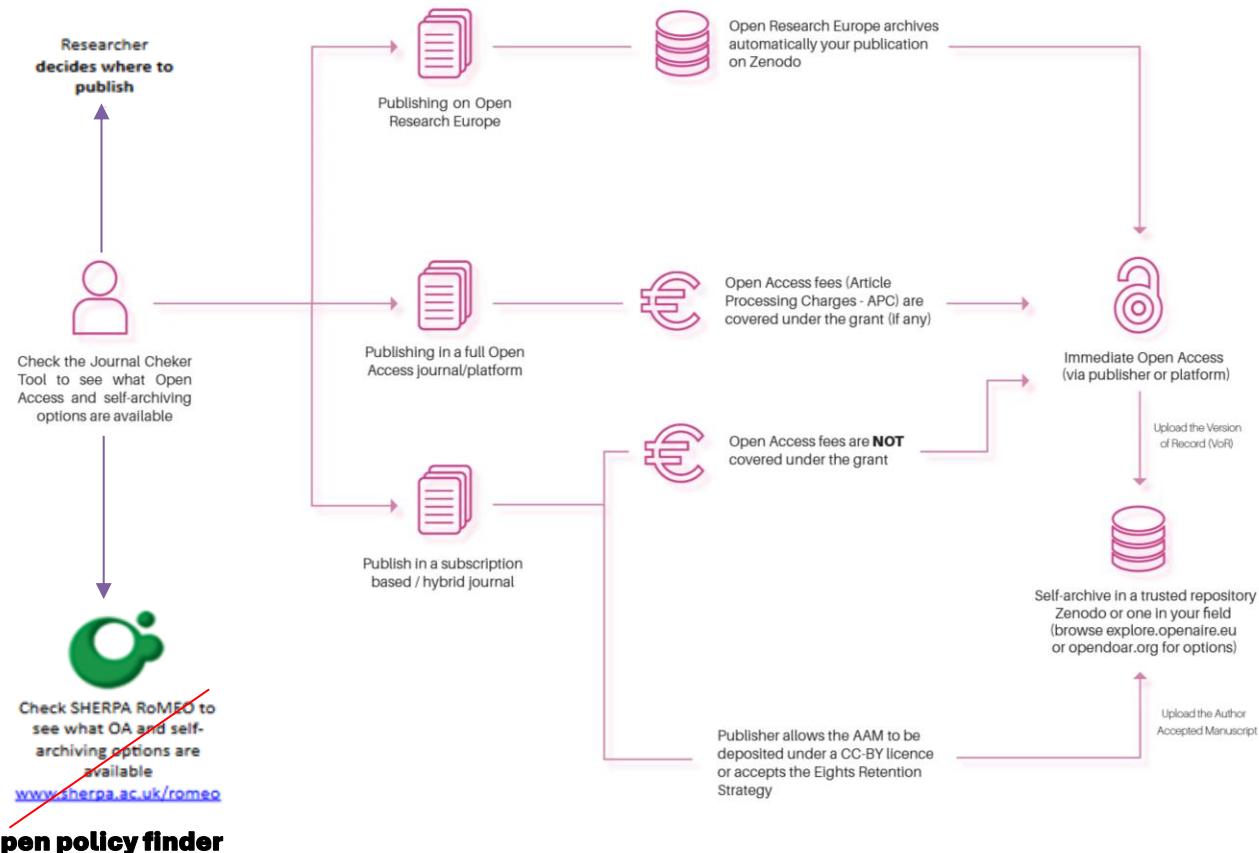
Requirements

- Peer-reviewed manuscript (AAM or VoR) in a **trusted repository**
- **No embargo period** (i.e. immediate OA)
- Authors retain their rights by having the AAM and/or the VoR under a **CC-BY 4.0** licence
- Information about research outputs or tools/instruments needed to validate the conclusions of the publication
- Add the acronym/code of the project within

Specificities

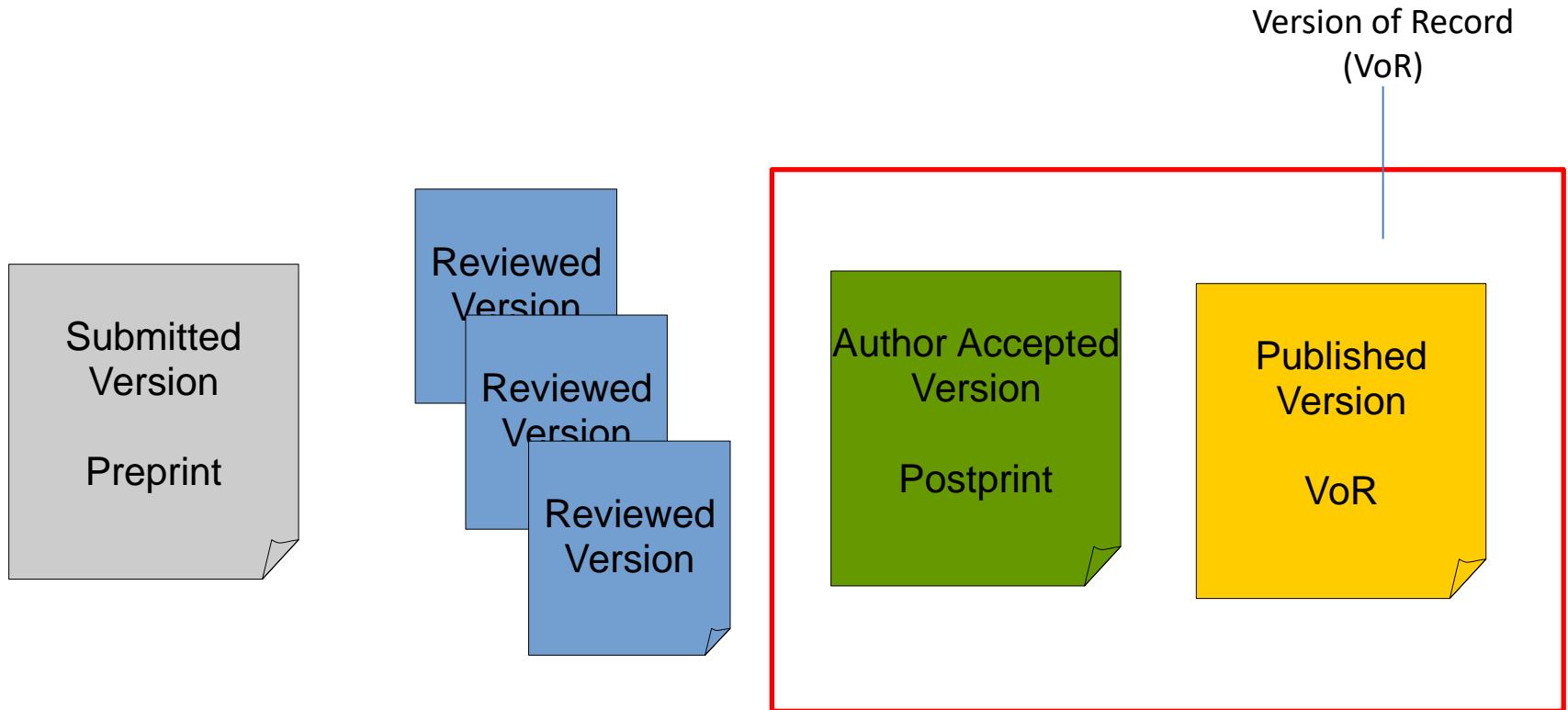
- Publication fees (Article Processing Charges) are **reimbursable** if the venue is full OA
- **No restrictions** on where to publish (journal doesn't have to be full OA), but APCs for hybrid journals are not covered
- CC BY-NC/BY-ND allowed for long-text formats (e.g. monographs; a chapter in an edited book is not eligible)

Horizon Europe



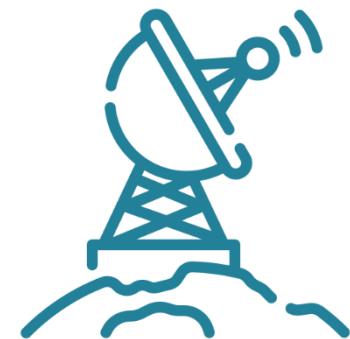
Source: England & Malaguarnera 2022. [10.5281/zenodo.7324364](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7324364) under CC-BY 4.0

Scientific article's versions



Source: Ignasi Labastida 2019

3. Datos de investigación. ¿Qué tengo que hacer con los datos de mi investigación?

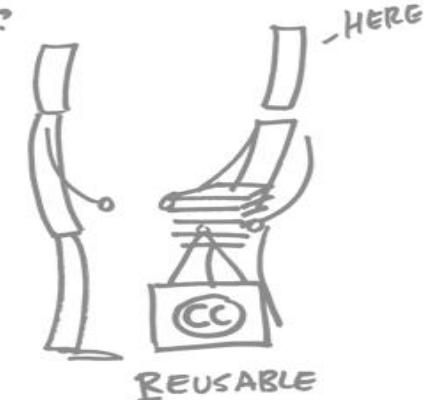
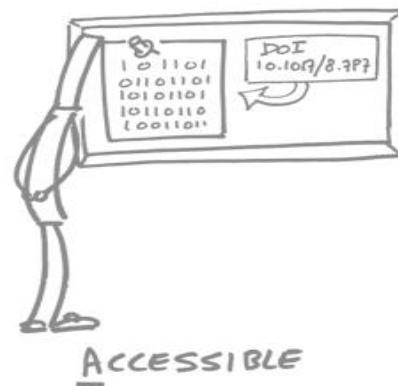


RESEARCH DATA - OPEN BY DEFAULT



Los datos y sus metadatos deben ser gestionados de manera que sea posible su reutilización

FAIR DATA PRINCIPLES



Fuentes:

http://ec.europa.eu/research/press/2016/pdf/opendata-infographic_072016.pdf

<https://open-science-training-handbook.gitbooks.io/book/content/>

Encontrables

- **Identificadores persistentes** : DOI, ORCID. Nos permiten citar nuestros datos de investigación.
- **Normas y metadatos:** ¿De qué tratan mis datos? ¿Quién los ha recopilado y por qué? ¿En qué formatos están disponibles mis datos? Los metadatos responden a estas preguntas para que nuestros datos de investigación puedan encontrarse e interpretarse.
- **Keywords**, nomenclatura armonizada de los archivos, versiones bien identificadas.

Accesibles

- **Archivar y conservar** a largo plazo nuestros datos de investigación, beneficiéndonos de un repositorio :

- Re3data www.re3data.org  re3data.org
REGISTRY OF RESEARCH DATA REPOSITORIES

- Zenodo www.zenodo.org



- Repositorio institucional <https://repositorio.uam.es/>

- **Compartir datos:** utilizar protocolos de intercambio de información

Interoperables, Reusables

- Permita el acceso, la descarga, la explotación y la **reproducibilidad** de los datos de investigación.
- Especificar los **derechos de autor** de forma clara.
- **Anonimizar** y cifrar los datos.
- **Especificar restricciones, embargos** y normas de acceso a sus datos de investigación.

- ✓ Recommended Open Licenses: CC-BY
- ✓ Open Licenses Guide: <http://www.dcc.ac.uk/resources/how-guides/license-research-data>

4. Herramientas para cumplir con los requerimientos nacionales e internacionales



¿Qué es OpenAIRE y qué servicios ofrece?



A search engine to discover, navigate and link different types of research outputs.

zenodo

A general purpose repository to share open and FAIR research outputs.



A Data Management Plan service. On the cloud, or locally deployed. Customisable to your needs.



A collaborative Moodle platform that hosts material and courses for Open Science.



A European observatory measuring Open Science practices and uptake.



On demand portals to collect and track your community's open research outputs.



Anonymisation engine for research data, enriched with latest technologies. Embedded in local workflows.



On demand monitoring dashboard to track research outputs and monitor openness, collaborations, trends, impacts.



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DE CIENCIA, INNOVACIÓN
Y UNIVERSIDADES

ARGOS

[HTTPS://ARGOS.OPENAIRE.EU](https://argos.openaire.eu)



ABOUT RESOURCES CONTACT LOG IN

Plan and follow your data

Create machine actionable DMPs.

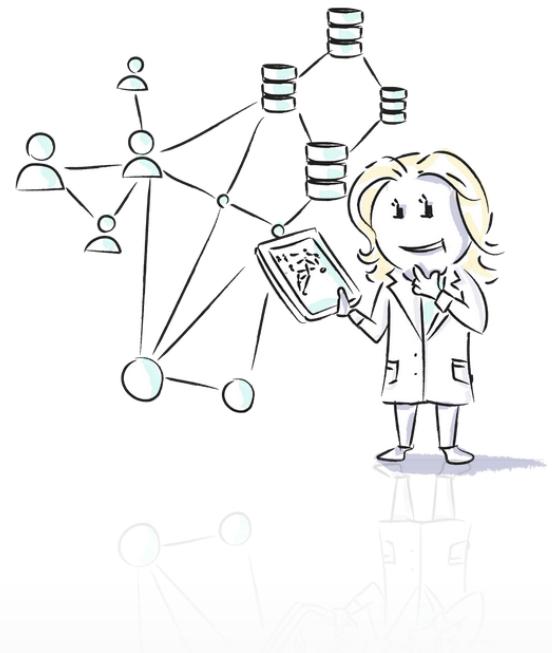
Configure to best fit your discipline.

Link to EOSC components out of the box.

Share easily in your repository.

Bring your Data Management Plans closer to where
data are generated, analysed and stored.

Start your DMP



ZENODO



zenodo

How to use Zenodo

Uploading your research

OpenAIRE

Zenodo (<https://zenodo.org>) is an open repository for all scholarship, enabling researchers from all disciplines to share and preserve their research outputs, regardless of size or format. Free to upload and free to access, Zenodo makes scientific outputs of all kinds citable, shareable and discoverable for the long term.



FECYT
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OPEN RESEARCH EUROPE (ORE)

Introducing

Open Research Europe

Launching early 2021

An Open Access publishing platform offering fast publication and open peer review exclusively for research conducted by Horizon 2020 beneficiaries.

Powered by
F1000Research



Who?

The European Commission will provide a high-quality, reliable open access publishing option for Horizon 2020 beneficiaries to publish quickly, at no cost, and in compliance with the Horizon 2020 OA mandate.



Why?

By giving researchers the option to publish open access and in multiple formats from standard research articles to data notes, from new insights to confirmatory or negative results, the European Commission aims to remove the barriers to scientific discovery and facilitate progress towards securing Europe's global competitiveness in innovation.



When?

The platform is due to launch in early 2021.

Find out more here:
shorturl.com/xxx
or scan this QR code:



GLOBAL
YOUNG
ACADEMY

F1000Research

eurodoc
The European Council of Doctoral Candidates and Junior Researchers



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<https://explore.openaire.eu/>

OpenAIRE | EXPLORE

Search Deposit Link Data sources Funders

Discover open linked research.

A comprehensive and open dataset of research information covering 191m publications, 62m research data, 397k research software items, from 141k data sources, linked to 3m grants and 320k organizations.

All linked together through citations and semantics.

[Advanced search](#)

Search in OpenAIRE



Try browsing by:

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGs) →

FIELDS OF SCIENCE (FOS) →



EC Participant Portal -> Reporting -> Publications (OpenAIRE)

Grant Management

240153 (240153 RIZOSKO ..) HORIZON-... Project Summary Researchers involved in the project Deliverables Milestones Critical Risks Publications Results Dissemination activities Standards Patents (IPR) Communicative Activities Datasets Beneficiaries Feedback Impact Other Results

Call: HORIZON-ERC-2021-VICECHAIRS-IBA Topic: HORIZON-ERC-2021-VICECHAIRS-IBA

Project Continuous Report

Publications

This project does not currently have any scientific publications

Suggested publications from OpenAIRE (10 pending publications and 0 discarded publications)

	Type	Title	Authors	Title of the Journal or equivalent	Month and Year of publication	PID (Publisher version of record)	PID of the deposited publication	Actions
1	Chapter in a Book	Pebbling mountain ranges and its applic	Kurt Mehlhorn	Automata, Languages and Programming	25-02-2012	10.1007/3-540-10003-2_89		X
2	Chapter in a Book	Algorithms on Graphs	Kurt Mehlhorn		02-11-2012	10.1007/978-81-322-0750-4_5	10.1007/978-3-642-69897-2_1	X
3	Chapter in a Book	Algorithms for Equilibrium Prices in Line	Kurt Mehlhorn	Algorithms and Computation ISBN: 9783	17-01-2014	10.1007/978-3-319-04657-0_1		X
4	Chapter in a Book	Algorithmic Paradigms	Kurt Mehlhorn	Data Structures and Algorithms 1 ISBN: 9783	28-07-2012	10.1007/978-3-642-69672-5_4	10.1007/978-3-642-69897-2_4	X
5	Chapter in a Book	NP-Completeness	Kurt Mehlhorn	Data Structures and Algorithms 2 ISBN: 9783	28-07-2012	10.1007/978-3-642-69897-2_3		X
6	Chapter in a Book	The Engineering of some Bipartite Match	Kurt Mehlhorn	Algorithms and Computation ISBN: 9783	09-08-2007	10.1007/3-540-46632-0_1	10.1007/3-540-46691-6_36	X
7	Chapter in a Book	The Reliable Algorithmic Software Chall	Kurt Mehlhorn	Experimental and Efficient Algorithms I	30-11-2007	10.1007/3-540-44867-5_18		X
8	Article in Journal	Bracket-languages are recognizable in li	Kurt Mehlhorn		26-07-2002	10.1016/0020-0190(76)90013-2	10.22028/d291-26081	X
9	Book/Monograph	Datenstrukturen und effiziente Algorith	Kurt Mehlhorn	Crossref	04-03-2012	10.1007/978-3-322-86786-5		X
10	Chapter in a Book	Sets	Kurt Mehlhorn	Data Structures and Algorithms 1 ISBN: 9783	28-07-2012	10.1007/978-3-642-69672-5_3		X

Project publications (0 publications)

Show/Hide Filters Clear Filters Export to Excel Add Publication

	Type	Title	Authors	Title of the Journal or equivalent	Number	Peer-reviewed	Was the publication available in open access through the repository at the time of publication	PID (Publisher version of record)	PID of deposited publication	Actions
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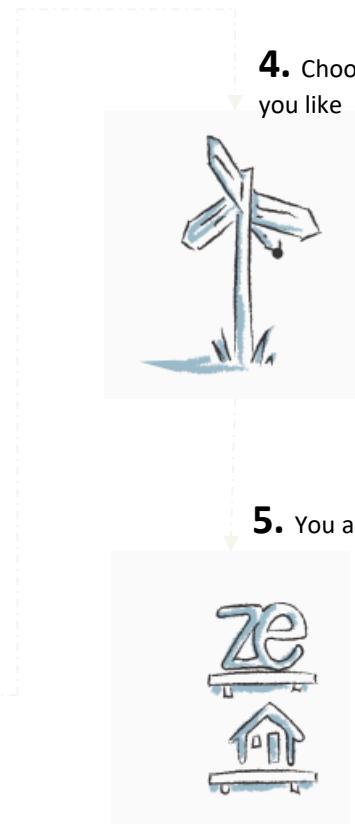
* 'open access' means the practice of providing online access to research outputs resulting from actions funded under the Programme, in particular scientific publications and research data, free of charge to the end-user

Validate

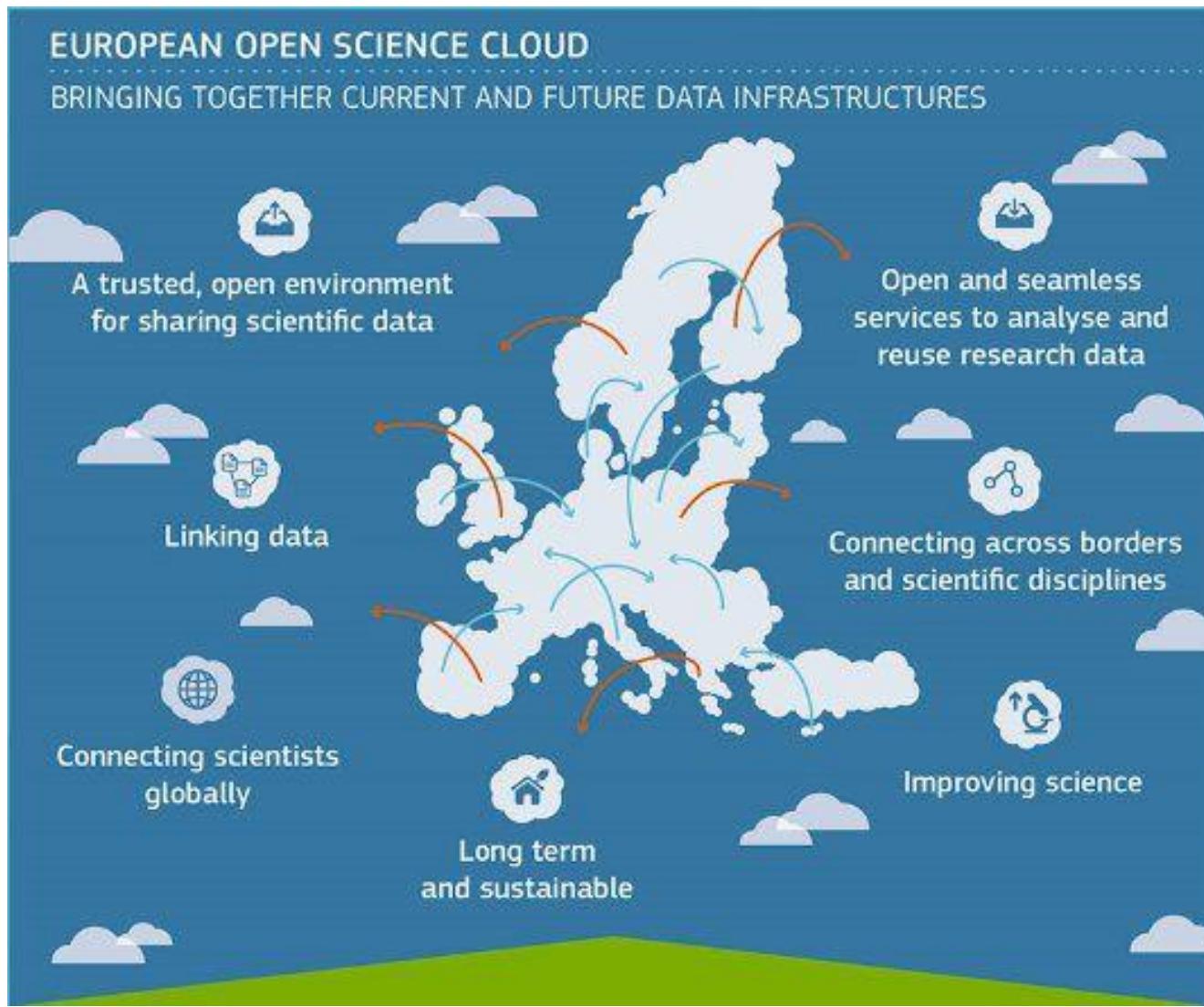
Source: <https://zenodo.org/record/7324364#.ZDVoinZBxPY>

AMNESIA

High accuracy Data Anonymization.



The European Open Science Cloud (EOSC)



**EUROPEAN OPEN
SCIENCE CLOUD**

OPEN RESEARCH EUROPE (ORE)

Introducing

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GLOBAL
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eurodoc

The European Council of Doctoral Candidates and Junior Researchers



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DE CIENCIA, INNOVACIÓN
Y UNIVERSIDADES

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WEAKNESSES

- SECTION : EXCELLENCE



- Open science is not appropriately addressed.
- Not enough detail is presented on the strategy for targeting open science practices.
- Open science practices are not discussed in sufficient detail and do not ensure general access to the data generated during the proposal's lifetime.
- The approach of open science practices as an integral part of the proposed methodology is not included in an adequate manner.
- Open science practices are not sufficiently implemented in the methodology. The proposal does not convincingly address real Open Science practice aiming data and results sharing.
- The quality of the open science practices is not fully demonstrated, especially with regards to e.g. pre-registration or pre-print actions.
- Open science practices are briefly presented, in a very generic way.

WEAKNESSES

- SECTION :

IMPACT

Suitability and quality of the measures to maximise expected outcomes and impacts, as set out in the dissemination and exploitation plan, including communication activities. Strategy for the management of intellectual property, foreseen protection measures

- The exploitation and management of IP and related protection measures have not been sufficiently detailed. Moreover, the potential conflict between open access publishing and patenting of results has not been adequately addressed.
- The strategy for the management and protection of intellectual property is not described in sufficient detail.
- Management of the intellectual property of the results (i.e. possible patents) is not described in sufficient detail.
- There is no sufficient information about the IP management, in the context of possible commercialisation activities.
- The proposal insufficiency describes the plans to protect intellectual property. For example, it refers to the possibility to commercialise the technology but details regarding existing IP rights and how novel IP rights can be protected are largely missing. This is particularly critical given the involvement of different hosts.
- Plans for exploitation of results of the research project are not fully elaborated. In that respect, specific issues related to IPR sharing and management are not sufficiently considered for this action, which involves a secondment institute.

Gracias

Laura Bonora

*Punto Nacional de Contacto (NCP, por sus siglas en inglés) del
programa de Infraestructuras de Investigación y Widening
(Acceso Abierto) de Horizonte Europa*

Fundación Española para la Ciencia y la Tecnología (FECYT)

<https://www.fecyt.es/>
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